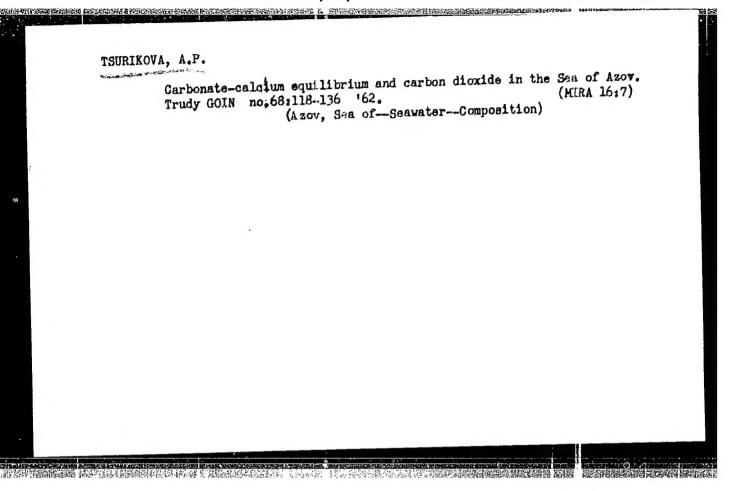
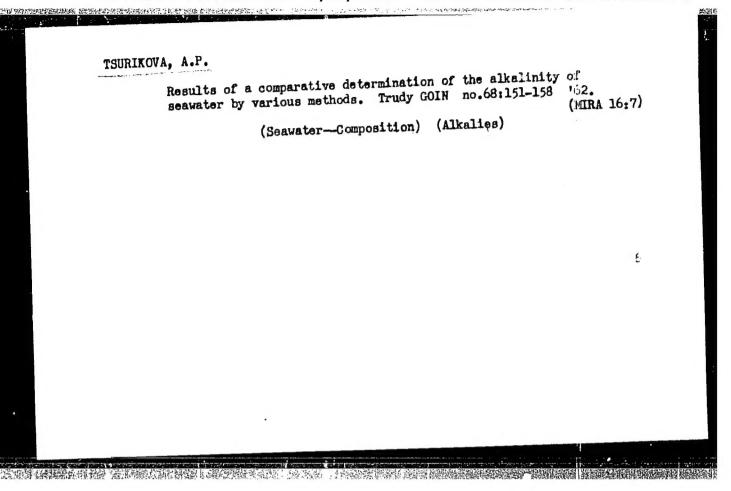


# TSURIKOVA, A.P. - BARNESS TO THE STATE OF THE S Relation between the salinity, chlorinity, and density of laters in the Sea of Azov. Trudy GOIN no.52:27-48 '60. (MIRA 13 11) (Azov, Sea of--Sea water--Composition) (Azov, Sea of--Sea water--Density)

CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001





CHERNOVSKAYA, Ye.N.; PASTUKHOVA, N.M.; TSURIKOVA, A.P., red.

[Tables for calculating the solubility of oxygen in, and the pH values of seawater] Tablitsy dlia vychisleniia rastvorimosti kisloroda i velichin pH v morskoi vode. Moskva, Gidrometeoizdat, 1962. 46 p.

(MIRA 17:3)

1. Moscow. Gosudarstvennyy okeanograficheskiy institut.
2. Leningradskoye otdeleniye Gosudarstvennogo okeanograficheskogo instituta, Moskva (for Chernovskaya,
Pastukhova).

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3

ACC NR: AP6033581

SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/66/008/010/3106/3108

AUTHOR: Yudin, D. M.; Tsurikova, G. A.; Petrovskiy, G. T.

ORG: None

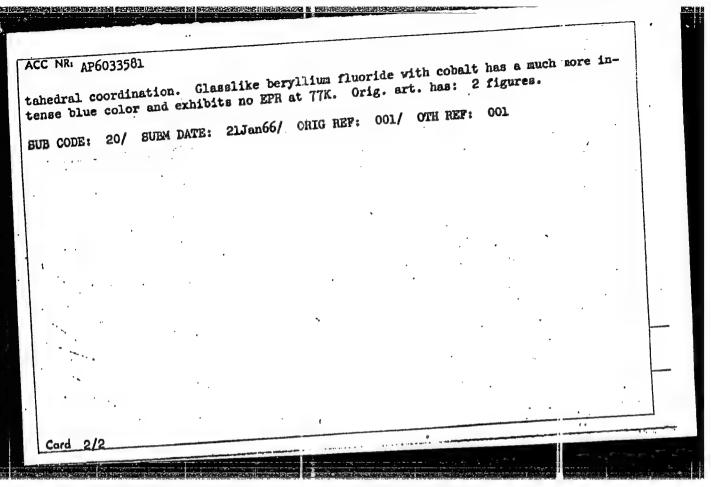
TITLE: Paramagnetic resonance of fluoroberyllate glasses activated with cobalt

SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 8, no. 10, 1966, 3105-3108

TOPIC TAGS: electron paramagnetic resonance, glass property, resonance line, line broadening, optic spectrum, temperature dependence

ABSTRACT: Inasmuch as the EPR spectra of cobalt-activated glasses have not been observed before, the authors attempted to obtain glasses in which the EPR of Cc2+ could be observed at temperatures above 20K. Fluoroberyllate glass was chosen because of its rigid structure. The EPR spectrum recorded at 77K exhibited a broad resonance line with g = 4.28 for the midpoint between the extrema. This line was not observed at room temperature. The spectrum was calibrated against signals from DPPH and silicate glass with Fe3+ in tetrahedral coordination. The measurements were made with a 3-cm microwave spectrometer (RE-1301). A correlation was observed between the intensity of the line with g = 4.28 and the cobalt content in the glass. The glass color is red and its color intensity and optic spectrum are the same as in oxide glasses. The optic spectrum exhibits absorption bands characteristic of Co2+ in oc-

Card 1/2



L 27373-66 EWT(m)/EWP(e)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD/JJ/MH  ACC NR: AP6011577 SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/00:/0519/0521  AUTHORS: Petrovskiy, G. T.; Feofilov, P. P.; Tsurikova, G. A. J/ORG: none  TITLE: Absorption and luminescence of divalent samarium in fluorine-beryllate glasses;  SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 3, 1966, 519-521  TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, charpeter fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samarium to the divalent state was by ir-	D/JG/NH
AUTHORS: Petrovskiy, G. T.; Feofilov, P. P.; Tsurikova, G. A.  ORG: none  TITLE: Absorption and luminescence of divalent samarium in fluorine- beryllate glasses.  SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 3, 1966, 519-521  TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, absorption further.  ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better sta- bility, the reduction of the samarium to the difference of the samarium to the difference of the samarium.	UR/0051/66/020/00:/0519/0521
ORG: none  TITLE: Absorption and luminescence of divalent samarium in fluorine- beryllate glasses.  SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 3, 1966, 519-521  TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, absorption fluorinescence, abstract: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samarium to the diminum.	P.; Tsurikova, (l. A. 5/
SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 3, 1966, 519-521  TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, absorption further.  ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samarium to the diminum. For better sta-	50 B
TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, absorption affective.  ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samarium to the diminum. For better sta-	lent samarium in fluorine-
TOPIC TAGS: samarium, glass property, light absorption, luminescence, gamma irradiation, optic transition, glass, absorption affective.  ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samarium to the diminum. For better sta-	. 3, 1966, 519-521
ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of absorption and luminescence of Sm <sup>2+</sup> ions in oxygen-free fluoro-beryllate glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the same rium to the diminum.	t absorption, luminescence,
glasses, on which little data are available, especially the colored glasses. The glass chosen had relatively low tendency to crystallization, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samplium to the diminum.	of an investigation of a
tion, containing 60% of molecular beryllium fluoride and 20% potassium fluoride, and also fluorides of calcium and aluminum. For better stability, the reduction of the samerium to the distribution.	n-free fluoro-beryllate
	ow tendency to crystalliza- fluoride and 20% potassium aluminum. For better sta-
radiation with gamma rays from Co The absorption spectrum had a single broad intense band with maximum near 520 nm, causing red-orange color (the glass was yellowish prior to irradiation). Upon excitation,	
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duration was at liquid no brightness. identified.	trogen tempo The transi Notice is	ec at room erature, w tions corr taken of t	temperatith a coresponding he high s	responding to the litability	increased g increas uminescer of the di ged even	se in the contract of the cont	ne is are state	
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thank G. A. spectra. 0	Mokeyeva 10 rig. art. ha	s: 1 figu	re.	.cp 0.19		: : :		**************************************

BLINOV, L.K., nauchnyy sotrudnik; TSURIKOVA, L.K., nauchnyy sotrudnik; PAKHOMOVA, A.S., nauchnyy sotrudnik; SOPACH, E.D., nauchnyy sotrudnik; SOPACH, E.D., nauchnyy sotrudnik; Ponsov, A.G.; KALASHIIKCVA, v.v.; KIRILLOVA, Ye.P.; LOS¹, B.M.; LEBEDEVA, G.V.. KORNILENKO, V.S., red.; ZEMTSOVA, T.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Manual of marine hydrochemical investigations for hydrometeorological observatories and marine hydrometeorological stations] Rukovodstvo po morskim gidrokhimicheskim issledovaniiam; dlia gidrometeorologicheskikh observatorii i morskikh gidrometeorologicheskikh stantsii. Pod red. L.K.Blinova. Moskva, Gidrometeor.izd-vo (otd-nie), 1959. 255 p.

(MTRA 14:6)

1. Moscow. Gosudarstvennyy okeanograficheskiy institut. 2. Laboratoriya khimii morya Gosudarstvennogo okeanograficheskogo instituta (for Blinov, TSurikova, Pakhomova, Sopach).

(Water—Analysis)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3"

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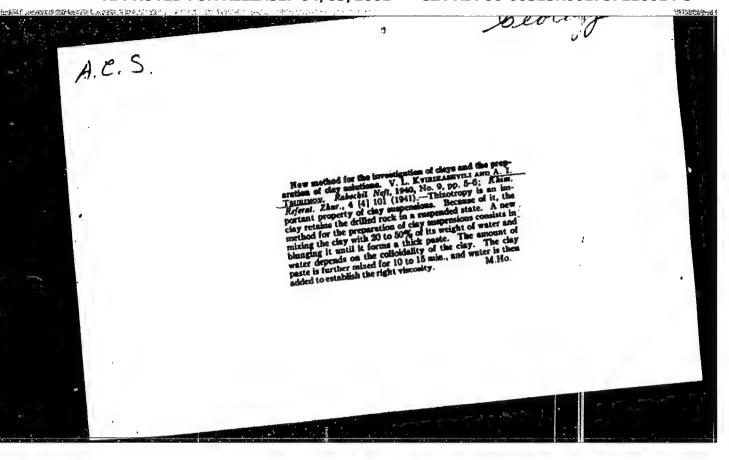
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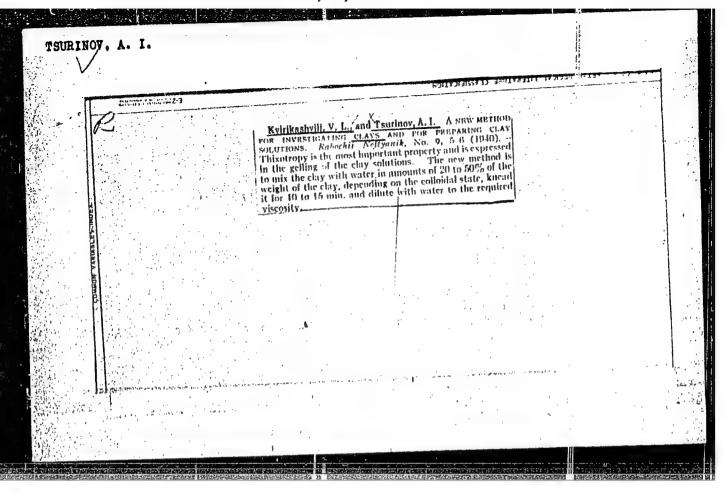
CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3

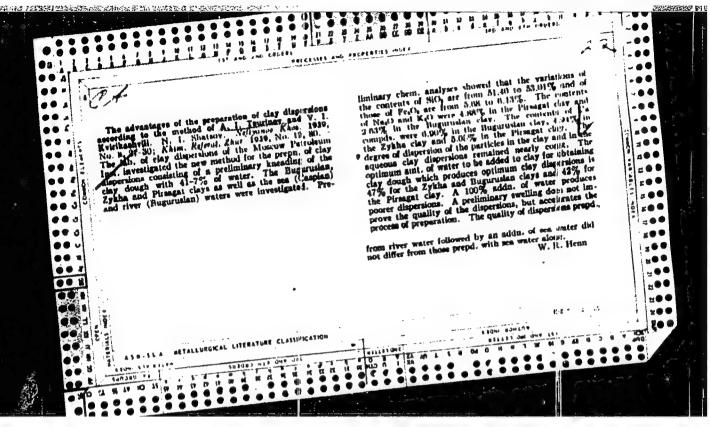
KOZHEVNIKOV, A.V.; TSURIKOVA, U.P.

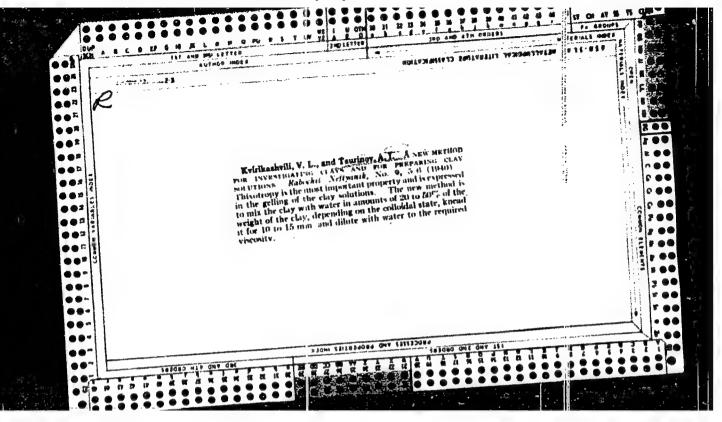
Comparative study of water deionization with the mixed charges of an EDE-10P anion exchanger with KU-2 and KAV-47 cation exchangers. Khim. i tekh. gor. slan. i prod. ikh perer. no.11:343-357 '62.

(MIRA 17:3)









VLASOVA, Ye.V.; TSURIKOV, F.F.

Obtaining native Clostridium sordelli anatoxins and their immunological characteristics. Zhur. mikrobiol., epid. i immun. 40 no.4:83-87 Ap '63. (MIRA 17:5)

l. Iz Instituta epidemiologii imeni Gamalei AMN SSSR.

Tsurinos, G.A.

ATI: P - 879

Subject

: USSR/Electricity

Card 1/1

Pub. 29 - 12/23

Author

: Tsurinov, G. A., Eng.

Title

Ground fault location by means of the loop method in

case of grounding of all three cable conductors:

Periodical

: Energetik, 10, 19-20, 0 1954

Abstract

The author briefly describes the method applied

Two diagrams.

Institution :

Not given

Submitted

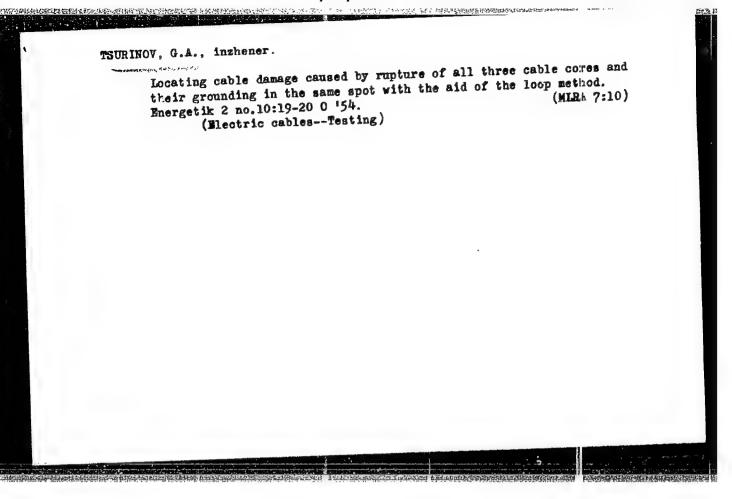
: No date

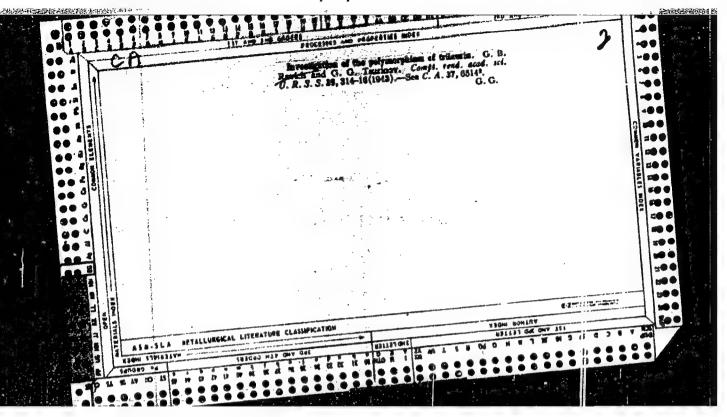
CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

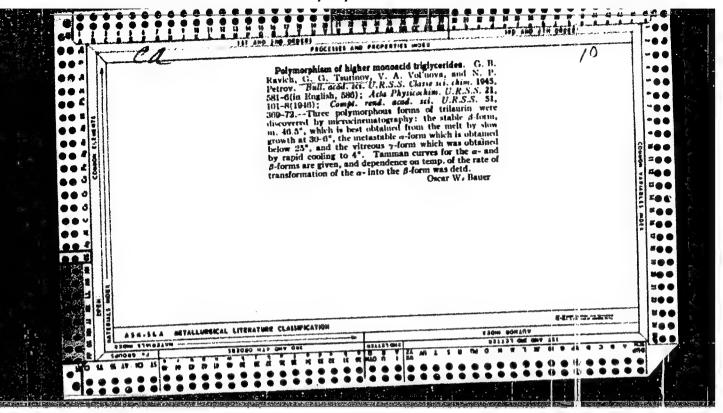
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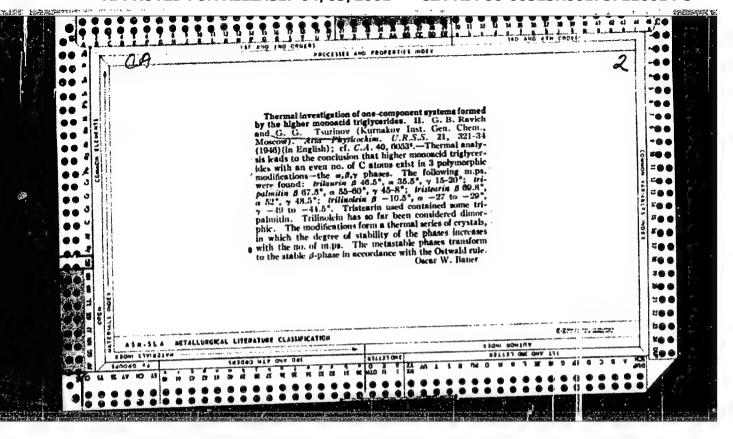
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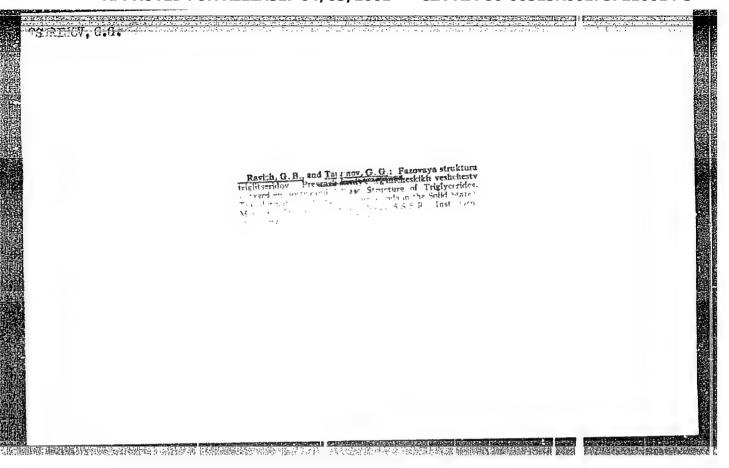
SOURCE CODE: UR/0416/66/000/003/0183/0085 AP6021566 ACC NRI Tsurin, A. (Major) AUTHOR: ORG: None TITLE: Maintenance of field airdromes (natural-surface airfields) SOURCE: Tyl i snabzheniye sovetskikh vooruzhennykh sil, no. 3, 1966, 83-85 TOPIC TAGS: military airfield, airfield maintenance equipment, airfield cleaning, runway construction ABSTRACT: Preparations for making a field airdrome operational is discussed on the basis of experience acquired by an airfield service unit. The unit was charged with restoring the grass surface of an airfield built on salt-containing soil with an underlying groundwater stratum. The airfield was provided with three 100-m wide airstrips. The effect of salt was neutralized by the addition of gypsum to the plowed and broken-up scil. Special grass seeds were used in accordance with soil and climatic conditions. The composition of the grass-seed mixture is given. The plowing and sowing operations are described including the use of tractors, plows, harrows and rollers. Additional care of grass growing, -1 then the cutting and final preparations had been conducted for about one year before the airstrips were put in operation. The need of deep plowing (about 25 cm deep is stressed for regions with a hot and dry climate. The preparation of compact, dustless runways for jet airplanes is also considered and some recommendations for rolling and dust preventing operations are given. SUEM DATE: None 01/SUB CODE:

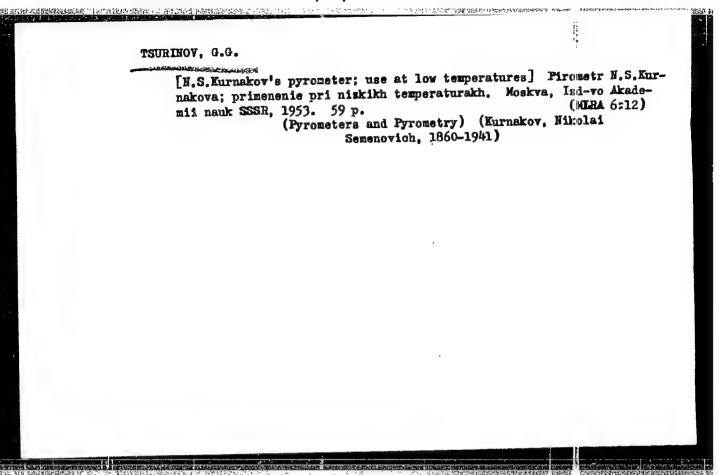


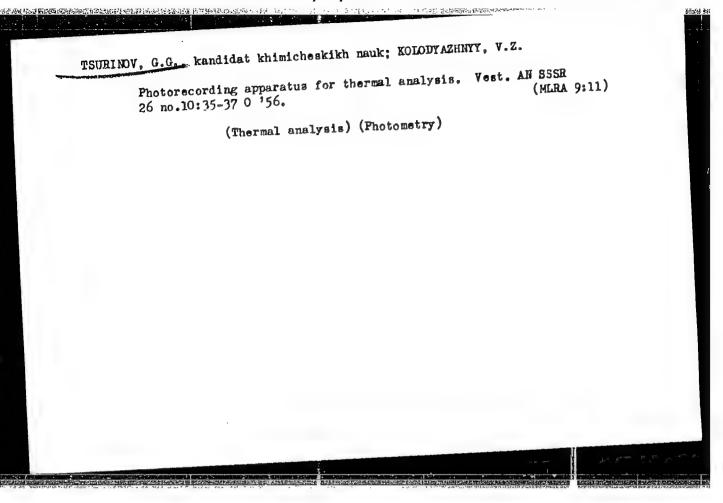


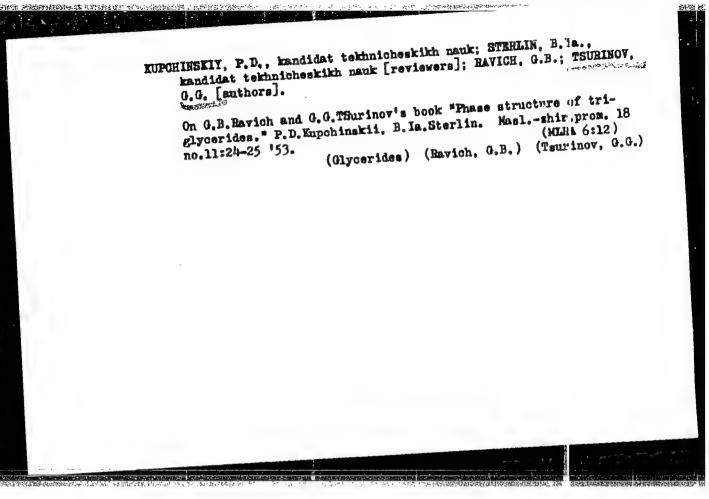












"Increvenents in the Design of H. S. Kurnahav's Pyrometer During 50 Teurs," Inv.

"Increvenents in the Design of H. S. Kurnahav's Pyrometer During 50 Teurs," Inv.

Sektorn Fiz Khim. Analiza K: 3532, 25, 195%, pr 19-25

B.Sic improvements of the Kurnakav gyrometer consists in the solid to a 2 construction neckanism with variable relational speed of the drum, the docker of the Line in the construction of a mobile instrument. (Mania, No 7, 1954) Sc: Sum. 5.71, 1 and the construction of a mobile instrument. (Mania, No 7, 1954) Sc: Sum. 5.71, 1

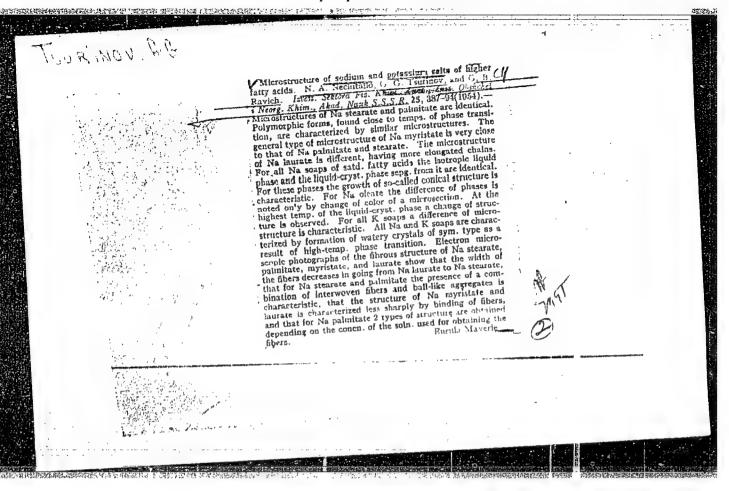
TSURINOV, G. G., RAVICH, G. B., and VOINOVA, V. A.

"Use of N. S. Kurnakov's Pyrometer in the Study of Low Temperature Phise Transformation of Microweight Substances," Izv. Sektora Fiz-Khim. Analiza IONKh AN SSSR, 25, 1954, pp 41-51

The Epplication of Kurnakov's pyrometer to recording of thermal effects, volume changes at phase transformations and changes of microstructure of the substance at low temperature is described. Liquid nitrogen is used as cooling agent. The possibility temperature is described. Liquid nitrogen is used as cooling agent. The possibility temperature is described. Liquid nitrogen is used as cooling agent. The possibility of obtaining simultaneously the recording of the microcut and the curve of obtaining simultaneously the recording of the microcut and the curve of cooling is emphasized. (RXhFiz, No 7, 1955) SO: Sum.No. 713, 9 Nov 55

## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3



Tsurinov, G.G.

ATD P - 931

Subject : USSR/Chemistry

Card 1/1 Pub. 152 - 22/22

Authors : Zaytsev, L. M. and Shubochkin, L. K.

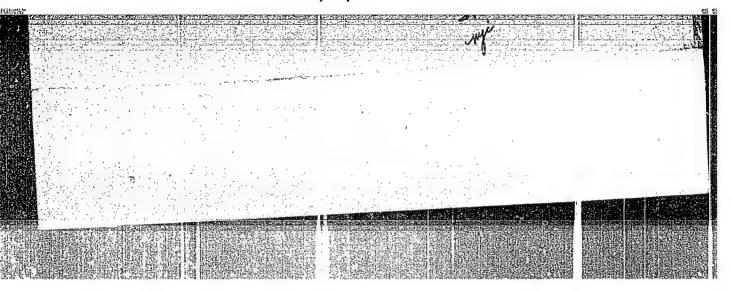
Title : The pyrometer of N. S. Kurnakov, by G. G. Tsurinov

Periodical: Zhum prikl. khim., 27, no. 5, 575-576, 1954

Abstract : Review

Institution : None

Submitted : No date



## "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

## CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3

BOKIY, G.B.; TSURINOV, G.G.; SOKOL, V.I.; KOLODYAZHNYY, V.Z.

Immersion liquids for crystallo-optical measurements at low temperatures (from -100%). Zhur.neorg.khim. 6 no.8:1754-1756 (MIRk 14:8) Ag \*61.

1. Institut obshchey i neorganicheskoy khimii imeni N.S. Kurnakova AN SSSR. (Crystallography)

S/078/61/006/008/002/018 B121/B203

AUTHORS:

Bokiy, G. B., Tsurinov, G. G., Sokol, V. I.,

Kolodyazhnyy, V. Z.

TITLE:

Immersion liquids for crystallo-optical studies at low

temperatures (-100°C)

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal neorganicheskoy khimii, v. 6, no. 8, 1961, 1754-1758

TEXT: This study concerns the determination of optical constants of crystals in wide temperature ranges from +250 to -100°C using the immersion method by means of a thermostat installed in a PC-10 (GS-10) goniometer. The method worked out permits a determination of refractive indices at temperatures to -150°C with an accuracy of 0.5°C. The temperature constance was controled with an 3mb-01 (EPV-01) or MPUMp-54 (MRShchPr-54) electron potentiometer. Several immersion liquids with refractive indices of 1.378 - 1.705 were used for determining the refractive index of crystals at a temperature below -100°C. The refractive index of crystals

is calculated from the formula:  $N=\frac{\sin(\frac{A+f}{2})}{\sin\frac{A}{2}}$ , where N is the refractive Card 1/2

D- +

TSURINOV, G.G.

USSR/Statistical Physics - Heat

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Fizika, No 5, 1957, 11465

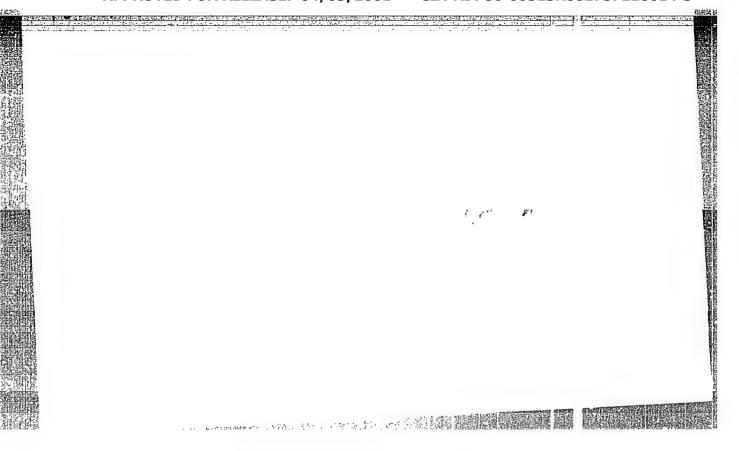
Author : Tsurinov, G.G., Kalodyazhnyy, V.Z.

Inst : Photo Recording Setup for Thermal Analysis.

Orig Pub : Vestn. AN SSSR, 1956, No 10, 35-37

Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1



TSURINOV, G.G., jt. au.

Ph\_se structure of triglycerides; transformations of organic substances in the solid state.

Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSR, 1952.

137 p. (5h-20517)

QD305.AhR3h

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3

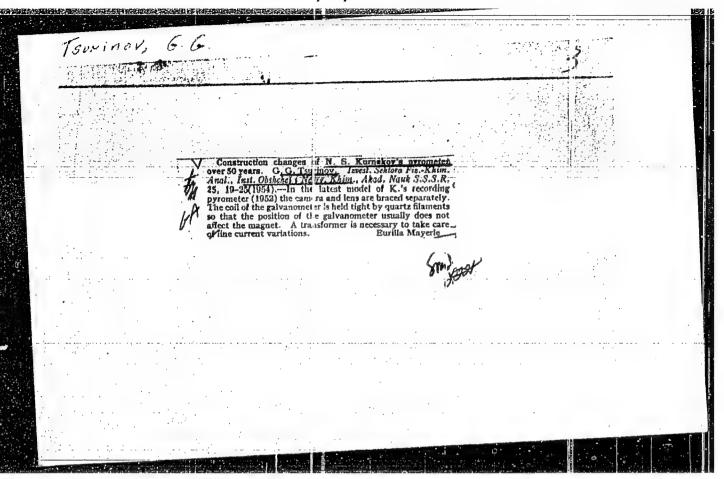
TSURINOV, G. G.

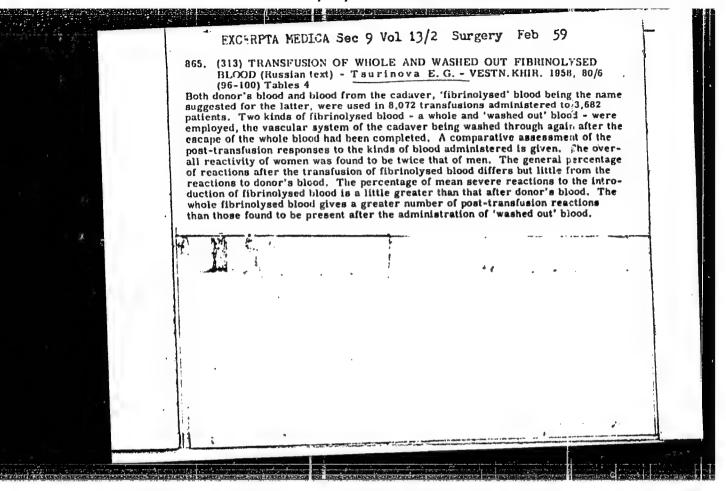
N. S. Kurnakov's pyrometer; use at low temperatures.

Moskva, Izd-vo Akademii nauk SSSR, .953

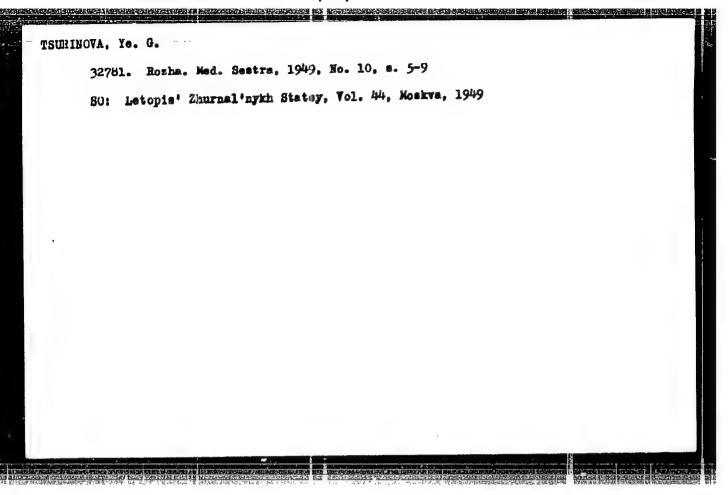
59 p. (54-24413)

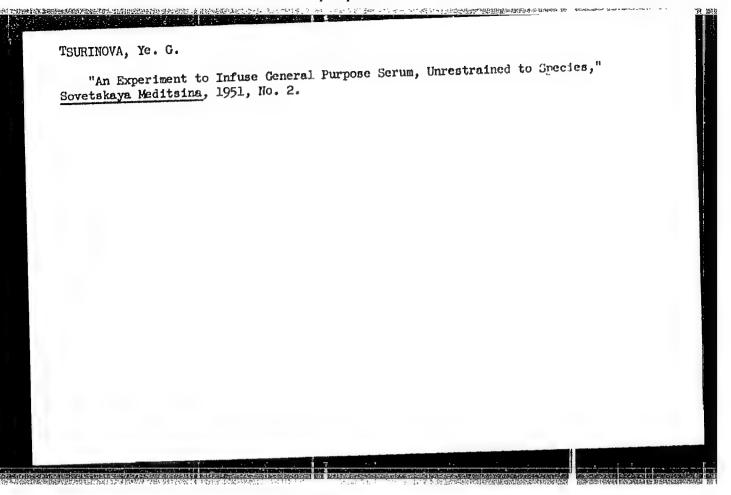
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1660	1-66 EWT(m) SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/007/0116/0116
1 22	IR: APBULZI// (A)
NVE	NTOR: Volzhenskiy, A. V.; Kogan, G. S.; Tsuranov, L. M.
	E: Light-weight concrete. Class 80, No. 180514 [announced by the All-Union ntific Research Institute of New Construction Materials, Academy of Construction ntific Research Institute of New Construction (Vsesovuzny) nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut novykh
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and	Architecture, SSSR (Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issiedovater skry Architecture, SSSR)
stro	RCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 7, 1966, 116
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gyp as	TRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued for light-weight concrete with sum-cement binder and a porous mineral filler. In order to have the filler serve the active hydraulic additive, a porous clay filler in a mixture with a binder the active hydraulic additive, a porous clay filler in a mixture with a binder taining 75—80% construction gypsum and 20—25% portland cement is suggested as [LD]
CON	filler.
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	UDC: 666.973.022.2



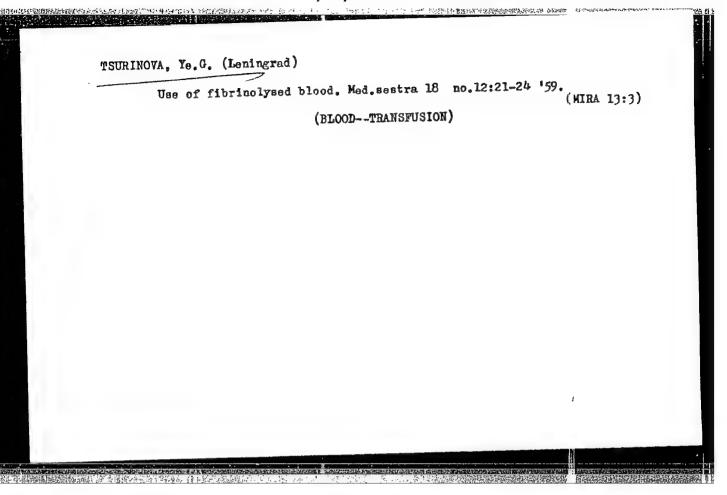


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TSURINOVA, Ye.G.

Results of transfusion of heterogeneous serum. Sovet.med. No.2: 16 Feb 51. (CIML 20:6)

1. Candidate Medical Sciences. 2. Of the Third Surgical Clinic (Director-Doctor Medical Sciences Prof. D.A.Arapov, Stalin Prize Winner) of the Institute imeni Sklifosovskiy).



TSURINOVA, Ye.G., kand.med.nauk (Leningrad, 22, Bol'shoy pr., d.100, kv.6)

Transfusion of whole and washed fibrinolyzed blood. [with summary in English]. Vest.khir. 80 no.6:96-100 Je '58 (MIRA 11:7)

1. Iz Moskovskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta skoroy pomoshchi im. N.V.Sklifosovskogo (dir. M.M. Tarasov) i Leningradskogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta skoroy pomoshchi im. Yu.Yu. Dzhanelidze (dir. - dots. N.D. Fedorov).

(BLOOD TRANSFUSION,

cadaveric whole & washed fibrinolyzed blood (Rus)) (CADAVERS.

transfusion of cadaveric whole & washed fibrinolyzed blood (Rus))

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POLIKARPOV, S.N., dots., otv. red.; BERKUTOV, A.N., prof., red.; GARVIN, L.I., dots., red.; SELEZNEV, S.A., kand. med. nauk, red.; TSURINOVA, Ye.G., doktor med. nauk, red.; SHRAYBER, M.G., prof., red.; KROL', O.G., tekhn. red.

[Shock and terminal states; transactions of a meeting dedicated to the memory of I.I.Dzhanelidze, January 18-20 ianvaria 1960 g. Leningrad, Leningr. nauchno-issl. in-t skoroi pomoshchi, 1960,349 p. (MIRA 15:7)

(SHOCK)

KASHKINA, Ye. G., kand. med. mauk; TSURINOVA, Ye. G., kand. med. nauk

Study of the microbial flora in the air and on objects in operating and dressing rooms. Vest. khir. no.2:87-90 162. (MIRA 15:2)

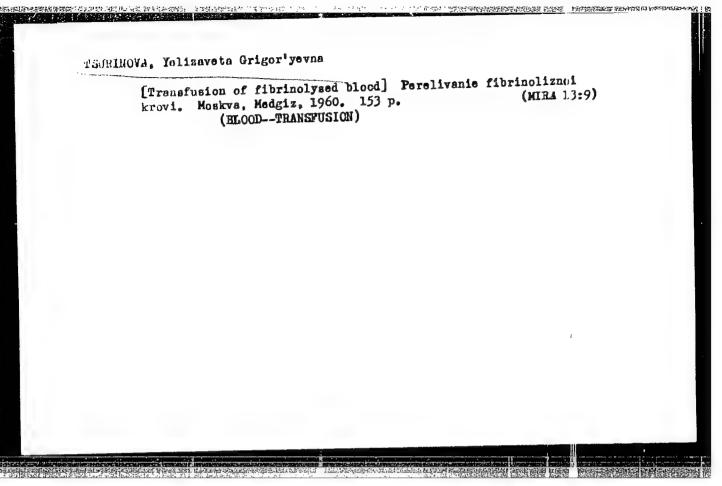
1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta skoroy pomoshchi im. Yu. Yu. Dzhanelidze (nauchnyy rukovod. - prof. A. N. Berkutov)

(SURGERY, ASEPTIC AND ANTISEPTIC) (AIR\_MICROBIOLOGY) (SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS\_STERILIZATION)

TSURINOVA, Ye.G.; ARBISMAN, D.M.

Dynamics of protein fractions in the serum of fibrinolytic blood in relation to the period of its preparation and preservation. Probl. gemat. i perel. krovi 9 no.3:45-49 Mr '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut skoroy pomoshchi imeni Yu.Yu. Dzhanelidze (dir.- prof. G.D. Shushkov).



KASHKINA, Ye.G., kand.med.nauk (Leningrad, ul. Chapayeva, d.2-a, kv.13);
TSURINOVA, Ye.G., kand.med.nauk

Analysis of data of a clinical-bacteriological examination of patients with acute appendicitis. Vest.khir. 83 no.12:69-72
D \*59.

1. Iz Instituta skoroy pomoshchi im. Yu.Yu. Dzhanelidze (nauchayy rukovoditel\* - A.k. Rusanov).

(APPENDICITIS statist.)

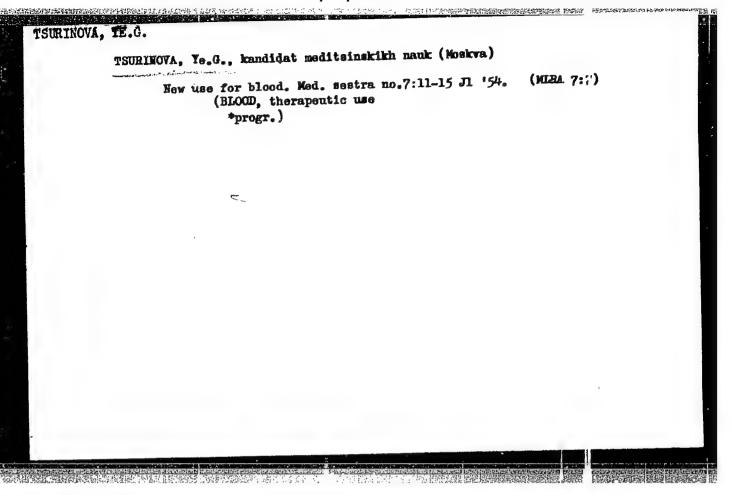
(ABDONEN microbiol.)

VYGODCHIKOV, G.V.; SOKOLOV, S.K.; KOLESHIKOVA, M.Kh.; TSURINOVA. Yo.A.;
SIMONYAN, K.S.; KASHIMTSEVA, N.S.; GIL'GUT, Ye.A.

Comparative studies on various methods for preventing tetanus in nonvaccinated subjects; persive and active methods of prophylaxis.
Zhur.mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 27 no.12:77-83 D '56. (MLRA 10:1)

1. Iz Instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni M.F.Gamalei
AMN SSSR.

(YETANUS, prevention and control,
active & passive methods (Rus))



TSURIMOVA, Ye. G., Doc Med Sci -- (diss) "Use of fibrinolytic blood."

Len, 1957. 18 pp (Len Sci Res Inst of First Aid im N. I. Dzhanelidze,

Mos Sci Res Inst of First Aid im N. V. Sklifosovskiy), 200 copies (KL,

16-58, 122)

-90-

TSURINSKI, T.

"Dam construction in Algeria"

p. 91 (Khidrotekhnika I Melioratsii, Vol. 3, no. 3, 1958, Sofia, Bulgaria)

Monthly Index of East European Accessions (NEAL) LC, Vol. 7, No. 12, Dec 98

TSURINSKI, Tedor, dots. inzh.

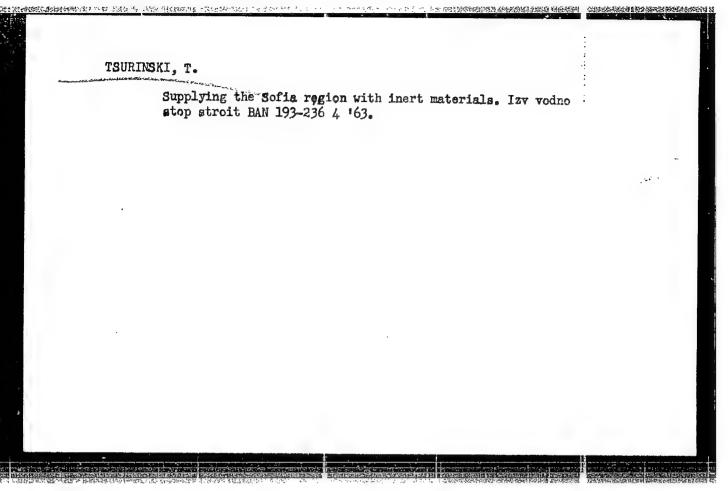
The single-stage and double-stage technological systems for sand and gravel making. Khidrotekh i melior 6 no.10:292-298

'61.

TSUFINSKI, T.

Economically most advantageous quarry for inert materials . p. 51. KHIDROTEKHNIKA I MELIORATSII, Sofia, Bulgaria, Vol. 1, no. 2, 1959

Monthly List of East European Accessions (FFAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 10, Oct. 1959 Uncl.



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TSURINSKI, T.

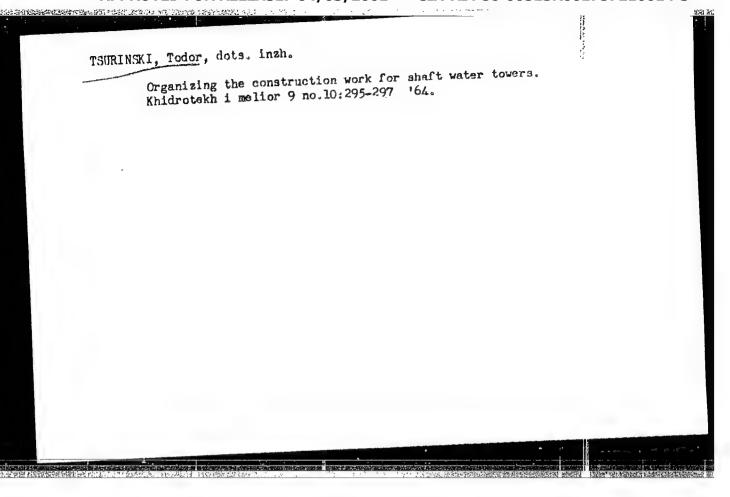
Some technical and economic indexes of the stone crusher at Stalin Dam. p. 11. (p. 11-12 wanting)

Vol. h, no. 3, Mar. 1955 TEKHNIKA Sofiya, Bulgaria

So: Eastern European Accession Vol. 5 No. 4 April 1956

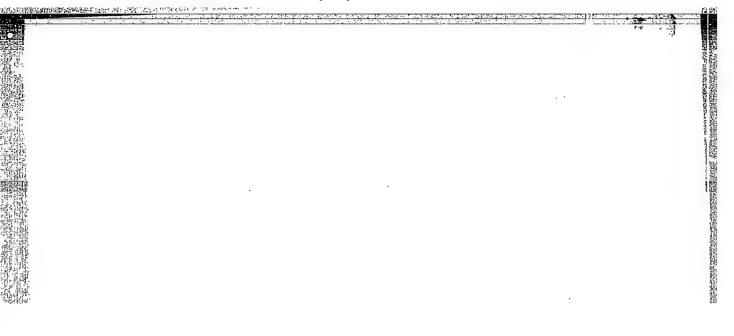
#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

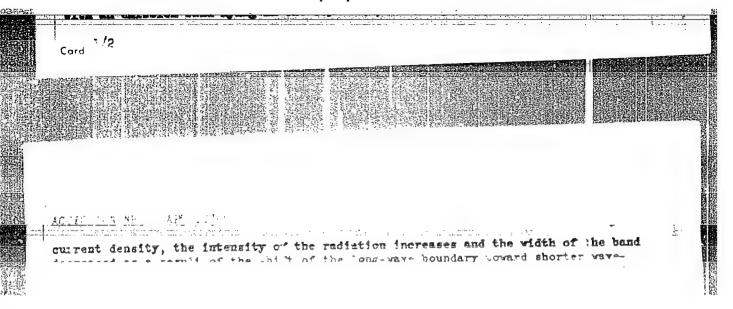
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TSURINSKI, Todor, inzh.

Present trends in hydraulic blasting works. Khidrotekh i melior 9 no.6:170-172 '64.



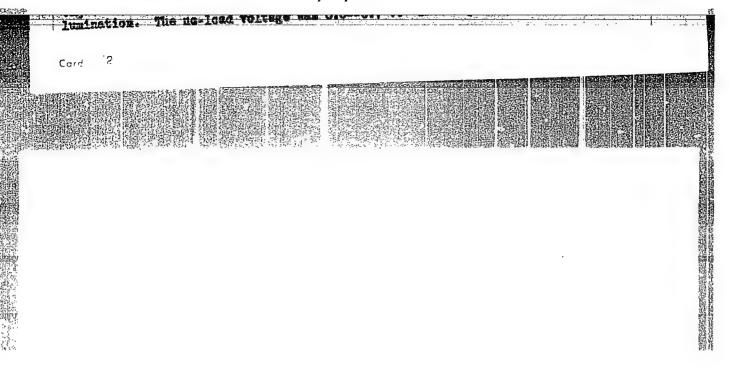


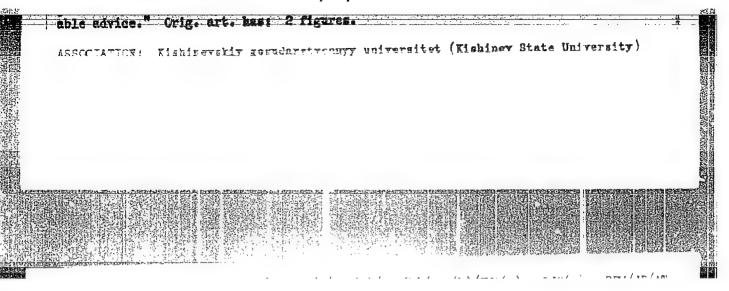
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ACCESSION NR: AR3000379

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SOURCE: RZh. Fizika, Abs. 4E451

AUTHOR: Kot, M. V.; Simashkevich, A. V.; Tyrziu, V. G.; Tsurkan, A. Ye.

TITIE: Electric, optical, and photoelectric properties of thin layers of the ZnTe-CdTe system

CITED SOURCE: Tr. po fiz. poluprovodnikov. <u>Kishinevsk. un-</u>t, vyp. 1, 1962, 121-130

TOPIC TAGS: ZnTe-CdTe system, thin layers, electric properties, optical properties, photoelectric properties

TRANSLATION: In order to obtain a system with prescribed properties, a study was made of the ZnTe-CdTe system. The specimens were obtained by separate or by combined evaporation of binary components on heated substrates with subsequent heating until a homogeneous solid solution was obtained, as monitored by the appearance of only one long-wave absorption edge. The volt-ampere characteristics

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ACCESSION NR: AR3000379

are linear; the specific electric conductivity Sigms in vacuum varies monotonically with the concentration of ZnTe from a value 6.18 times 1( sup -7 (for pure CdTe) to 5.54 times 10 sup -5 ohm sup -1 cm sup -1 (for pure InTe); the logarithm of the electric conductivity depends lineally on the inverse temperature; in air Sigma drops by one or two orders of magnitude, and is restored in vacuum; the conductivity is of the p-type. The opitical properties were investigated in air at room temperature. The reflection coefficient, the position of the absorption edge, and the photosensitivity spectrum vary depending on the relative concentration within certain limits for pure components, the same as the electric conductivity. The width of the forbidden zone and the thermal activation energy vary lineally with the relative concentration, and no intrinsic conductivity appears. L. Gudymendo

DATE ACQ: 14May63 ENCL: OO SUB CODE: PH

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KORE, I.D.; Prinimali uchastiye: SHADIKYAN, V.S.; TSURKAN, I.B.

Results of laboratory and operational testing of experimental lubricants on bearings of the rolling stock in railroad transportation. Proizv. smaz. mat. no.6/8:126-132 \*61. (MIRA 14:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zheleznodorozhnogo transporta Ministerstva putey soobshcheniya. (Lubrication and lubricants--Testing) (Railroads--Rolling stock)

SHADIKYAN, V.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; KORE, I.D., kand.khim.nauk; TSURKAN, I.G., inzh.; KOGAN, M.S., inzh.

Investigating lubricating greases for axle box roller bearings for rolling stock. Trudy TSNII MPS no.180;4-42 159.

(Inbrication and lubricants)

(Bailroads--Rolling stock)

MELENT'YEV, L. P., inzh.; TSURKAN, I. G., inzh.

Practical application of new developments. Put' 1 put. khoz. 7 (MIRA 16:4)

(Railroads—Rails—Lubrication)

#### "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 04/03/2001

#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001757210014-3

ACC NR: AP6000337

SOURCE CODE: UR/3286/65/000/021/0036/0036

AUTHORS: Billk, Sh. M.; Taurkan, I. G.; Cherkasskaya, P. M.

ORG: none

TITLE: 0il for working in a friction couple of steel-polymer. Class 23, No. 176027

[Announced by Central Scientific Research Institute of Railroad Transportation (Tentral'nyy nauchno-iseledovatel'skiy institut zheleznodorozhnogo transporta)

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 21, 1965, 36

TOPIC TAGS: steel, polymer, friction

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces the application of mineral oil with // of steel-polymer.

SUB GODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 07Dec63

MELENTIYEV, L.P., kand.tekhn.nauk; TSURKAN, I.O., kand.tekhn.nauk

Grease lubricants reduce the wear of wheel flanges and rails. Trudy
TSNII MPS no.292:104-153

465.

(MIRA 18:10)

SHADIKTAN, V.S.; KORE, I.D.; TSURKAN, I.G.; KOGAN, M.S.

Improved lubricant for roller bearings used in railroad rolling stock. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.11:70-71 '59. (MIRA 13:4)

(Lubrication and lubricants)

TSURKAN, I.G.; VINOGRADOV, G.V.

New four-ball friction machine for evaluating the wear-resistant properties of lubricating oils. Zav.lab. no.11:1394-1396 (MIRA 13:4)

LInstitut neftekhimicheskogo sintera Akademii nauk SSSR. (Lubrication and lubricants- Testing)

SHADIKYAN, V.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; KORE, I.D., kand.khim.nauk; KOGAH, M.S., inzh.; TSURKAN, I.G., inzh.

Resistance of lubricating greases to the rotation of railroad axle-box roller hearings. Vest.TSNII HPS 18 no.6:11-15 (MIRA 13:2)

(Imbrication and lubricants)

SOV/24-58-12-17/27

AUTHORS: Bezborod'ko, M.D., Vinogradov, G.V.,

Pavlovskaya, N.T. and Tsurkan, I.G. (Moscow)

TITIE: Anti-Wear Properties of Lubricants and the Influence of

Various Factors on the Anti-Wear Properties of Petroleum Oils (O protivoiznosnykh svoystvakh smazochnykh materialov i o vliyanii razlichnykh

faktorov na protivoiznosnyye svoystva neftyanykh masel)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii Nauk, Otdeleniye Tekhnicheskikh

Nauk, 1958, Nr., pp 104-114 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The authors discuss the required properties of lubricants.

They note that mercury and some liquid alloys could

satisfy the requirements of a lubricant for many metals and go on to describe their experimental work with these materials. The four-ball testing machine described in the literature (Ref.2) was used. Experiments were made in air with 1/2" spheres of ball-bearing chromium steel and of beryllium bronze, the lubricants being mercury and Wood's alloy. Fig.1 shows wear at 20°C and speeds of 21 and 57 cm/sec for steel/steel and bronze/bronze as functions of load and Fig.2 shows the curves for liquid

Card 1/5 Wood's alloy at 80, 90 and 200°C. Analgams of Wood's

SOV/24-58-12-17/27

Anti-Wear Properties of Imbricants and the Influence of Various Factors on the Anti-Wear Properties of Petroleum Oils

alloy with 40% mercury, especially if containing 2% MoS2 proved very effective inbricants at very heavy loads. The friction versus time curves for mercury and Wood's alloy lubrication of steel (Fig. 3) and berylliumbronze (Fig.4) spheres show that a considerable time is required for a steady state to be reached: the authors associate this with the removal of surface oxide films. They go on to deal with lubrication by petroleum oils. In their experiments the non-polar naphthens-paraffin fractions of a bright stock of mixed Surakhansk and Karachukhursk oils and of transformer oil were used. The kinetics of steel wear were studied at 50 and 150°C and sliding rates of 23 and 46 cm/sec and the effects of loading (Fig. 5), one series (curve 6) being carried out above the critical load value. In view of the results obtained single-minute tests were adopted. These included tests in which various atmospheres (air, nitrogen, oxyger, argon and superheated steam) were provided and Fig.6 shows typical results for steel

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807/24-58-12-17/27

Anti-Wear Properties of Lubricants and the Influence of Various Factors on the Anti-Wear Properties of Petroleum Oils

obtained at 50°C and a speed of 23 cm/sec with the bright-stock material. The curves show that the atmosphere greatly affects both the dry friction and the anti-wear properties of the lubricant. At 200°C results obtained with oxygen were almost the same as those in fused eutectic mixtures of NaNOz, KNOz and NaNOz. Similar results were obtained with transformer oil. When spheres of 18% Cr semi-ferritic stainless steel were used the nature of the atmosphere affected the wear curves differently. A selection of curves for spheres of this material and other spheres, various lubricants and test conditions is given in Fig. 7. With spheres merely coated with oil, both oil oxidation and surface hardening of steel were more intense than when oil was present in bulk. To find the influence of the scale factor tests were carried out with standard ball-bearing spheres from 5.95 to 19.05 mm in diameter, at speeds of 5-86 cm/sec and with the bulk of the oil at room temperature. The authors discuss the temperature and friction effects and show that there should be a

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SOV/24-58-12-17/27

Anti-Wear Properties of Imbricants and the Influence of Various Factors on the Anti-Wear Properties of Petroleum Oils

critical temperature corresponding to the critical load. They deduce dimensionless equations and give results of experiments in which the information on the movement of the oil (required for applying the equations) was obtained by following the movement of come particles in the oil during a test. For treating the data the authors used an experimental relation between the friction coefficient and speed of sliding for sutcritical loads (Fig.8) and they show calculated and experimental values for the influence of the scaling factor, speed of sliding and friction coefficient on the critical loads (Fig.9 and table), the relations obtained being similar to those for gears (Ref.6). Fig.10 shows the results of the investigation of the temperature dependence of the critical load for various oils with 1/2" chromium ball-bearing steel balls. Letallographic study of sections cut slandwise through worn spots on the steel balls in the direction of sliding confirmed the expectation that at temperatures

Card 4/5

SOV/24-58-12-17/27

. Anti-Wear Properties of Lubricants and the Influence of Various Factors on the Anti-Wear Properties of Petroleum Oils

of the order of 200°C the nature of the atmosphere was the main factor. The authors maintain that in evaluating the lubricating properties of oils the nature of the wear process must be taken into account and briefly discuss this. There are 10 figures, 1 table and 8 references of which 7 are Soviet and 1 English.

SUBMITTED: 7th December 1957.

Card 5/5

No. 1. 1857 (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958) (1958)

ZELENTSKAYA, I.S., kand.tekhn.nauk; TSURKAN, I.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; TSAREGRADSKIY, V.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; ABRAMOV, V.V., inzh.; TOROPCHINOV, A.N., inzh.

Results of field and laboratory tests of the Volgograd lubricating oil. Trudy TSNII MPS no.262:117-135 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

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BEZBOROD'KO, M.D.; VINOGRADOV, G.V.; PAVLOVSKAYA, N.T.; TSURKAN, I.G. (Moskva)

Wear-resistant properties of lubricants and the effect of various factors on wear-resistant properties of crude oils, Izv.AN SSSR.

Otd.tekh.nauk no.12:104-114 D 58. (MIRA 11:12)

(Lubrication and lubricants-Testing)

(Petroleum-Testing)

TSURKAN, I.G.; VINCORADOV, C.V.; PAYLOVSKAYA, N.T.; MOROZOVA, O.Ye.

Wear-preventive properties of oils from eastern crudes. Khim. 1
tekh.topl. i masel. 3 no.8:29-34 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1.Institut nefti AN SSSR.
(Lubrication and lubricants)

TEURKAN, I.G., Cand Inche Soi - (dies) "I Study in the field of antidates properties of methodeur" forcew, 1952. 16 pp with cash. (Institute of Petroleum, Acad Sci USSR).

120 copies.

(KL, 38-58, 106).

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DOV/65-58-9-0/14

AUTHORS:

Tsurkan, I. G; Vinogradov, G. V; Pavlovskaya, N. T;

and Morozova, O. Ye.

TITIE:

Anti-Wear Properties of Oils from Eastern Petroleum. (Protivoiznosnyye svoystva masel iz vostochnykh neftey).

PERIODICAL:

Khimiya i Tekhnologiya Topliv i Masel, 1958, Nr.8.

pp. 29 - 34. (USSR).

ABSTRACT:

During investigations on the useful characteristics of oils from Eastern petroleums, it was found that the anti-wear (lubricating properties) had not been studied sufficiently. Surface - and chemically active metals influence these properties to a very large degree. Investigations were based on results obtained by M. B. Borovaya on diesel oil fractions from Tuymazy, Binagadi, These oils have similar viscosities, but different chemical composition (Table 1). Further tests were carried out on oils and intermediates obtained from the Novokuybyshevsk Petroleum Refinery. of these products and their viscosities and sulphur-content are given in Table 2. Solutions containing sulphides and disulphides in the oils were tested. Fig.1: friction diagrams obtained from naphthenic-paraffinic fractions of the oil SU. These tests showed that the viscosity of the petroleum products from the Novokuy-

Card 1/3

Anti-Wear Properties of Oils From Eastern Petroleum.

byshevsk Petroleum Refinery only changed slightly during processing. Table 5: various methods used for evaluating the properties are compared. Fig.4: test results on the lubricating properties of structural-group composition of three diesel oils. These investigations showed that the medium viscosity products of Eastern petroleums have the highest effect. Fractions separated with the aid of isooctane show average properties. For all these aromatic products an almost horizontal line on the wear curves in the region of 60 - 70 to 90 kg loads is typical. The medium fraction, separated with isooctane, shows an optimum combination of chemically active sulphur compounds and viscosity. This investigation has made it possible to present a new method of evaluating the lubricating properties of the oils, to ascertain that during the processing of semi-goudron the lubricating property of the oily petroleum products decreases, and to find a limit in the lubricating properties of the

Oard 2/3

SOV/65-58-8-6/14

Anti-Wear Properties of Oils From Eastern Petroleum.

structural components of oils which may or may not contain sulphur compounds. There are 4 Figures, 2 Tables and 4 Soviet References.

ASSOCIATION: Institut nefti AN SSSR. (Petroleum Institute, AS USSR).

1. Oils--Test results

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S/081/61/000/021/072/094 B138/B101

AUTHOR:

Tsurkan, I. G.

TITLE:

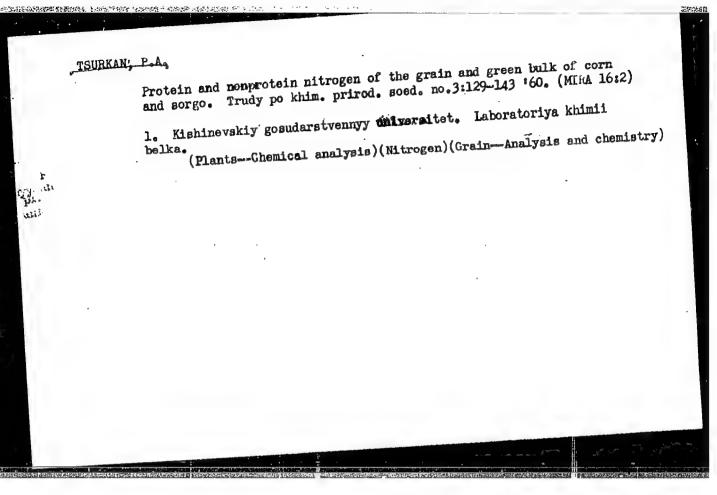
Results of anti-wear tests carried out with lubricating oils on machines with point contact of the friction surfaces

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 21, 1961, 404 - 405, abstract 21M110 (Tr. 3-y Vses. konferentsii po treniyu i iznosu v mashinakh, M., AN SSSR, v. 3, 1960, 239 - 247)

TEXT: The relationships between the parameters obtained during the testing of lubricating oils on a four-ball friction machine are reviewed. Using the theory of similitude the dependence of seizing lead on the sliding rate, ball diameter and initial temperature and viscosity of the oil is deduced mathematically, on the assumption that there is a critical temperature for a boundary oil film in friction under high specific load. The dependencies found are confirmed by experiment. The rate of wear of the balls during the seizing period is found to be linearly dependent on the difference between applied and critical load. [Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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# TSURKAN, P.A.

Forms of the nitrogen and protein fractions of the grain of corn subspecies grows in Moldavia. Trudy po khim. prirod. soed. no.3: 169-172 160. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Kishinevskiy gosudar tvennyy universitet. Laboratoriya khimii belka.

(Moldavia-Corn (Maize)) (Plants-Chemical analysis) (Nitrogen)

5(3) AUTHORS:

Nesmeyanov, A. N., Reutov. O.A., Ptitsyna, O. A., Tsurkan, P. A.

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THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY BOOK SERVICES IN THE

TITLE:

Synthesis of Organometallic Compounds of Pentavalent Antimony by Arylation of the Organic Antimony Compounds ArSbX, and Ar SbX by Diazo-Compounds (Sintez metalloorganicheskikh soyedineniy pyativalentnoy sur'my putem arilircvaniya

sur'myanoorganicheskikh soyedineniy ArSbX2 i Ar2SbX

diazosoyedineniyami)

PERIODICAL:

Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR. Otdeleniye khimicheskikh nauk,

1958, Nr 12, pp 1435-1444 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Published works give little data on the arylation of organic antimony compounds by means of diazo-compounds (Refs 4-7). In the present paper the authors investigated in detail the possibilities of arylating compounds of the type ArSbX2 and Ar2SbX by means of diazo-compounds as well

as of various diazonium double salts. They succeeded in

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finding such conditions under which the reaction of arylation can be carried out easily and in good yield. The method based

Synthesis of Organometallic Compounds of SOV/62-58-12-6/22 Pentavalent Antimony by Arylation of the Organic Antimony Compounds ArSbX, and Ar SbX by Diazo-Compounds

> on the action of diazoniam double salts of antimomy trichloride on aryladiiodc stibine proved to be a universal method for the synthesis of mixed organic antimony compounds of the type ArAr'SbXz. The former are easily obtained from aryl stibine oxides. In almost all cases the reaction takes place at low temperatures and leads to the formation of the corresponding organic antimony compounds in very good yields. The compounds ArAr'SbX, were isolated as diaryl antimonic acid and identified as the diazonium double salts ArAr'SbCl 3 · Ar"NoCl according to the method developed in reference 8: ArAr'Sb elcoholic HCl, ArAr'SbCl3

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Synthesis of Organometallic Compounds of SOV/62-58-12-6/22 Pentavalent Antimony by Arylation of the Organic Antimony Compounds ArSbX 2

and Ar2SbX by Diazo-Compounds

ArAr'SbCl<sub>3</sub> + Ar"N<sub>2</sub>Cl · FeCl<sub>3</sub> → ArAr'SbCl<sub>3</sub> · Ar"N<sub>2</sub>Cl ÷ FeCl<sub>3</sub>.

The results obtained are given in a table. The preparation method employed in synthesizing the substances of the types ArAr'SbX<sub>3</sub> and Ar<sub>2</sub>Ar'SbX<sub>2</sub> is an important supplement of previous methods (Refs 2, 8-11) for the production of compounds of this type. There are 1 table and 16 references, 9 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

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SUBMITTED:

March 26, 1957

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